

28th February 1929] [Mr. C. R. Parthasarathi Ayyangar]

Is education a reality now? Is there a girls' high school for each district now? We all talk of that wonderful book in which Hindus are ridiculed. Why not make education compulsory in every district?"

* The hon. the PRESIDENT:—"The Council will now adjourn and re-assemble to-morrow at 11 o'clock."

III

PAPER LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.

Statement^a showing the names of forest panchayats in Kurnool district and the area of reserve forests under their control (vide answer to questions No. 960, dated 29th November 1928 and No. 1267, dated 1st February 1929).

R. V. KRISHNA AYYAR,
Secretary to the Legislative Council.

APPENDIX I.

[Vide answer to question No. 1523 asked by Mr. C. Gopala Menon at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 28th February 1929, page 189 supra.]

I

Statement referred to in answer to clause (a) of the question.

INDIAN CUSTOMS TARIFF.

Schedule II—Import Tariff.

Name of articles.	Per	Tariff values.	Duty.
Liquors.			
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	....	Eight annas
Denatured spirit ..	....	Ad valorem ..	Seven and a half per cent.
Perfumed spirits ..	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	....	Rs. 36 or 15 per cent ad valorem whichever is higher.
Liqueurs, cordials, mixtures and other preparations containing spirit—			
(a) Entered in such a manner as to indicate that the strength is not to be tested.	Do.	....	Rs. 30 or 15 per cent ad valorem whichever is higher.
(b) If tested ..	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof.	Rs. 21-14 and the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than London proof or 15 per cent ad valorem whichever is higher.
All other sorts of spirit.	Do.	Do.

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Statement referred to in answer to clause (a) of the question—cont.

Name of articles.	Per	Tariff values.	Duty.
Wines—			
Champagne and all other sparkling wines not containing more than 42 per cent of proof spirit.	Imperial gallon or 6 quart bottles.	....	Rs. 9.
All other sorts of wines not containing more than 42 per cent of proof spirit.	Do.	....	Rs. 4-8.
Provided that all sparkling and still wines containing more than 42 per cent of proof spirit shall be liable to duty at the rate applicable to "All other sorts of spirit."			

II

Statement referred to in answer to clause (b) of the question.

Kind of foreign liquor licence.

Rates of fixed licence fee.

1. *F.L.* 1. Wholesale licences for the sale of foreign liquor, locally made foreign liquor and coconut toddy arrack, not to be drunk on the premises. An annual fee of Rs. 1,000 in Madras and Rs. 250 in other districts.
2. *F.L.* 2. Retail licences for the sale of all kinds of foreign liquor except 'Indian' beer and of locally made foreign liquor and coconut toddy arrack, not to be drunk, on the premises. An annual fee of Rs. 750 or Rs. 1,000 in the Nilgiris except Gudalur, Rs. 500 in the town of Madras and in Gudalur, Rs. 250 in towns having a population of 25,000 and over and in Kodaikanal, Yercaud and Cochin, in Tenkasi and Ambasamudram taluks and Rs. 150 in the rest of the Presidency.
3. *F.L.* 4. Retail licence for the sale of beer brewed in India, not to be drunk on the premises. An annual fee of Rs. 50.
4. *F.L.* 7. Hotel licences for the supply of residents in hotels and boarding houses. An annual fee of Rs. 500 or Rs. 250 in Madras, of Rs. 100 or Rs. 50 on the Nilgiris and of Rs. 50 or Rs. 25 in the rest of the Presidency.
5. *F.L.* 8. Bar licence in Madras to a holder of a hotel licence. A monthly fee of Rs. 100 or Rs. 50.

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Kind of foreign liquor licence.	Rates of fixed licence fee.
6. Special bar licences to others than holders of hotel licences.	Fees to be fixed by the Commissioner of Excise.
7. <i>F.L.</i> 9. Refreshment room licences for refreshment rooms maintained by, or under the supervision and control of, railway companies and proprietors or managers of lines of dak carriages for the supply on the premises of travellers by such railways or dak lines.	The annual fee fixed by the Commissioner of Excise from time to time.
8. <i>F.L.</i> 10. Refreshment room licences for refreshment rooms in which the sale of liquor is ordinarily combined with the supply of meals or eatables prepared and served in the European manner.	An annual fee of Rs. 500 in Madras and Rs. 75 in the rest of the Presidency.
9. <i>F.L.</i> 11. Occasional licences such as licences for the sale at refreshment stalls in connexion with race meetings and public entertainments—issued for periods not exceeding ten days at a time.	A fee not exceeding Rs. 100 on each occasion.
10. <i>F.L.</i> 12. Auctioneer's licences.	Annual fee, Rs. 5.
11. <i>F.L.</i> 13. Licence for the sale of pure rectified spirits.	Annual fee of Rs. 10.
12. <i>F.L.</i> 17. Licence for the sale of medicated wines and similar preparations containing 20 per cent and upwards but not more than 42 per cent of proof spirit.	Annual fee of Rs. 10.

APPENDIX II.

[Vide answer to question No. 1527 asked by Mr. Abdul Hameed Khan at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 28th February 1929, page 190 supra.]

Surgeon-General's report regarding research work in the Madras Medical College.

All the laboratories in the Medical College are provided to a greater or less extent with the necessary apparatus for carrying out research work. So far as equipment is concerned there are great opportunities for carrying out research but in some of the departments the staff require to be greatly strengthened before the research work of serious importance can be undertaken. In the Anatomy, Physiology departments, whole-time professors and staff have been provided. In the other departments except Chemistry the

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professors and their staff are allowed to do private practice. The Professor of Chemistry is also Chemical Examiner. With regard to research in Medicine, Surgery, Midwifery and Ophthalmology the Madras Medical College has always held a leading place among the Medical Colleges of India and there is no sign of any falling off in this respect. The annual reports of the General Hospital show what is being done in Medicine and Surgery. These reports are always read with great interest throughout India and are fully reviewed in the medical journals.

The research work of the Ophthalmic department is universally recognized as being the most important in the East.

The following are some of the lines of research which are being pursued: for an account of the results which have been obtained it is necessary to consult the various publications in the medical journals:—

Department.	Line of research.
1. Medicine ...	General clinical research.
2. Surgical ...	Prevalence of venereal disease in Madras.
	Aetiology of cancer in Madras.
	The aetiology of gastroduodenal ulceration.
3. Ophthalmic ...	The non-operative treatment of glaucoma.
	The causes of a rise in pressure in the globe during cataract operation.
	The filter passing virus of superficial punctate keratitis.
4. Pathology ...	Causation of 'ascites,' deficiency diarrhoeas.
5. Bio-chemistry ...	(1) Investigation into the nature of diabetes in Southern India; coenzyme of urease.
	(2) Analyses of blood of about 40 normal students (to get a standard for Southern India).
	(3) Renal efficiency tests and blood analyses in glaucoma in-patients sent by Lieut.-Col. Wright, I. M. S. (about 50 or so).
	(4) Quantitative analyses of pathological calculi.
6. Physiology ...	Statistics regarding height, weight, vital capacity and blood pressure of Indians.
7. Bacteriology ...	Various lines of research. (Two papers contributed during the recent Science Congress.)
8. Anatomy ...	Research work in embryology.
9. Hygiene ...	(1) Relative height, weight and eyes among schools and colleges.
	(2) Infant mortality.
10. Pharmacology ...	(1) Efficiency of the preparations of digitalis and strophanthus.
	(2) Efficiency of quinamine as an ecboic.
	(3) Action of the organic compounds of antimony used in the treatment of kala-azar, on uterus and fecundity.
	(4) Action of musk on the cellular elements of blood.
11. Therapeutics ...	Action of musk on the blood.
12. Ear, nose and throat.	Investigation of rhinosporidium kinealyi.

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APPENDIX III.

[Vide answer to question No. 1528 asked by Mr. C. Gopala Menon at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 28th February 1929, page 191 supra.]

Copy of G.O. No. 1776, P.H., dated 25th August 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government (P.H.) Department.

Read—the following papers :—

Letter from the President, District Board, Kistna, dated 26th July 1924, R. C. No. 1941.

Letter from the Director of Public Health, dated 9th October 1924, D. No. 350, P.H.

Letter from the Director of Public Health, dated 7th April 1924, D. No. 2174-1, P.H.

From the Commissioner of Excise, dated 14th May 1925, R. No. 1070-Abkari.

Order.—The Government consider that the Public Health staff should not carry on anti-drink propaganda.

To the Director of Public Health.

„ Revenue Department.

„ Commissioner of Excise.

„ Presidents of District Boards, Kistna, Kurnool and Tanjore.

Copy of G.O. No. 924, P.H., dated 11th May 1927, from the Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department.

Order.—After careful consideration the Government are pleased to order, in modification of G.O. No. 1776, P.H., dated 25th August 1925, that there is no objection to officers of the Public Health Department drawing attention in their lectures to the effects of intoxicants on the human body and to the evil results on health of an excessive use of them.

To the Director of Public Health.

„ Revenue Department.

„ Commissioner of Excise.

„ Presidents of District Boards of Kistna, Kurnool and Tanjore.

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APPENDIX IV.

[Vide answer to question No. 1549 asked by Mr. Basheer Ahmad Sayeed at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 28th February 1929, page 207 supra.]

Statement showing the total number and designation of posts carrying a salary of Rs. 200 and above and the class or community of the individuals who are holding those posts in the Madras Port Trust.

Designation.	Number of posts.	Europeans.	Anglo-Indians.	Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.	Indian Christians.	Muhamedans.	Sikhs.
Chairman	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Office Manager	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Chief Accountant	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Deputy Chief Accountant	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Traffic Auditor	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Cashier	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Deputy Traffic Manager	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assistant Traffic Managers	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wharf Superintendents	3	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
Section Masters	6	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
Yard Superintendent	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Yard Foreman	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Office Superintendent	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Goods Supervisor	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Deputy Port Conservator	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Harbour Masters	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
Overseer, Port and Pilotage	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Head Clerk	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Tug Master	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Chief Engineer	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Mechanical and Electrical Engineer	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Executive Engineer	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Assistant Mechanical Engineer	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Assistant Engineer	2	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Assistant Electrical Engineer	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
General Foreman	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Marine Surveyor	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
Storekeeper	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Accountant and Manager	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Head Clerk	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Head Draughtsman	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Technical Draughtsman	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Engineer Dredger "Madras"	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Deputy Chief Accountant (Engineering).	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Assistant General Foreman	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Overseer	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
Permanent-Way Inspector	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Workshop Foreman	1	..	1
Chargeman	3	..	2	1	..
Loco driver	2	..	2
Total ..	57	17	19	12	5	2	1	1

* Australian.

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Statement showing the total number of posts carrying a salary of Rs. 100 and above but below Rs. 200 and of those carrying a salary of below Rs. 100 and the class or community of the individuals holding those posts in the Madras Port Trust.

Salary.	Total number.	Europeans.	Anglo-Indians.	Brahmans.	Non-Brahmans.	Indian Christians.	Muhammadians.	Depressed classes.
Rs. 100 to 200 ..	103	..	44	18	28	8	5	..
Below Rs. 100 ..	1,137	..	58	85	705	96	135	58

* Includes 51 scavengers, sweepers and drain coolies.

Statement showing the number of posts held (a) by Indians, (b) by Europeans and (c) by Anglo-Indians in the Engineering Department in the Madras Port Trust.

	Indians.	Europeans.	Anglo-Indians.
Total number	575	6	66

APPENDIX V.

[Vide answer to question No. 1562 asked by Mr. C. Obi Reddi at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 28th February 1929, page 215 supra.]

Statement showing the amounts allotted and spent under Minor Irrigation during 1925-26 to 1927-28 in Anantapur and other districts.

	Anantapur.	Bellary.	Cuddapah.	Kurnool.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1925-26—				
Allotment	29,950	12,000	28,000	20,000
Expenditure	29,814	11,988	28,000	19,716
1926-27—				
Allotment	39,500	16,700	45,250	28,500
Expenditure	39,499	16,613	47,019	28,502
1927-28—				
Allotment	48,300	20,000	63,000	51,167
Expenditure	43,919	19,848	62,076	49,876
1928-29—				
Allotment as it stood on 30th September 1928	60,000	20,000	1,23,000	35,000
Expenditure up to 30th September 1928	21,596	9,935	77,270	18,411

APPENDIX VI.

[Vide III. Paper laid on the table of the House, page 265 supra.]

Statement placed on the table of the House with reference to Questions No. 960, dated 29th November 1928, and No. 1267, dated 1st February 1929.

The name of the range of which the forest area now transferred formed a part [clause (c).]	The area of such range [clause (d).]		Name of reserved forest transferred to panchayats.	Area in square miles.	Names of forest panchayats now in existence in Kurnool district.	The area of reserve forests under the control of each panchayat.	The grazing fee levied by each panchayat	The nature of the panchayat area, namely, whether it is mere grazing area, whether it contains underwood or tree-growth fit for timber.
	The area of the range before transfer of reserves to panchayats.	The present area of the range.						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)

Unreserves.

	SQ. MLS.	SQ. MLS.				ACS.		
....	Loddipalli * ..	1,445	4 annas per cow or bull, 6 annas per buffalo, and 2 annas per sheep.	} There is underwood on about half the area. The other half is devoid of tree-growth. It is a mere grazing ground.
....	Bilakala Gudur * ..	418	8 annas per bull, cow, buffalo or sheep.	

Kurnool West Forest division.

Bairluti ..	131.67	86.68 †	Velgode (part) ..	11.06	Velgode	7,076	4 annas per cow, 6 annas per buffalo and 2 annas per sheep.	Contains underwood.
			Karumanchi Blocks 1 and 2.		Karumanchi	1,490	8 annas per cow, 12 annas per buffalo and 4 annas per sheep.	Contains underwood and rocks.

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Dhone	138-82	146-64 †	Kappatralla	77-02	Kappatralla	3,029	Do.	Do.
			Gundlakonda		Gundlakonda	4,476	Do.	Contains underwood.
			Pattikonda		Pattikonda	3,606-23	Do.	Contains underwood and rocks.
			Pendekallu		Pendekal	2,492	Do.	Contains underwood.
			Tuggali		Tuggali	1,902	8 annas per cow, 12 annas per buffalo and 4 annas per sheep.	Contains underwood and rocks.
			Jonnagiri		Jonnagiri	824	Do.	Do.
			Yerragudi		Yerragudi	3,655	Do.	Do.
			Katarkonda		Katarkonda	2,681	Do.	Contains underwood.
			Yeddupenta		Yeddupenta	1,472	6 annas per cow, 9 annas per buffalo and 3 annas per sheep.	Do.
			Kothaburuzu		Kothaburuzu	1,198	8 annas per cow, 12 annas per buffalo and 4 annas per sheep.	Do.
....	..	..	Mettupalli		Mettupalli	1,808	4 annas per cow, 6 annas per buffalo and 2 annas per sheep.	There is underwood on part of the area. The rest is devoid of tree-growth.
....	..	..	Rangapuram blocks A and B.		Betameherla	5,467	8 annas per cow, 12 annas per buffalo and 4 annas per sheep.	Contains underwood and rocks.
....	..	..	Ramallakota East ..		Ramallakota	1,819	Do.	Do.
....	..	..	West		Veldurtbi	2,800	Do.	Do.
....	..	..	Yemboyi		Yemboyi	3,244	Do.	Do.
....	..	..	Pyapalli Extensions		Pyapalli	4,581	Do.	Do.
....	..	..	Ramavaram		Ramavaram	2,267	4 annas per cow, 6 annas per buffalo and 2 annas per sheep.	Do.

* These are not reserves under the Forest Act.

† According to redistribution of Nallamalaj ranges which took effect from 1st July 1928 the Velgode panchayat reserve falls within Gundlabrahmeswaram range limits. As the old Bailuti range was very heavy a portion of it (i.e.), 44.99 square miles, was transferred to the adjoining ranges. Hence the area shown in column (3) excludes not only the area handed over to panchayats but also the area transferred to Gundlabrahmeswaram and Shivapuram ranges.

‡ Excludes panchayat reserved forests. The old Owk range reserve forests have been merged in this range. Hence increase in area shown in column (3).

Statement placed on the table of the House with reference to Questions No. 960, dated 29th November 1928,
and No. 1267, dated 1st February 1929—*cont.*

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The name of the range of which the forest area now transferred formed a part [clause (c).]	The area of such range [clause (d).]		Name of reserved forest transferred to panchayats.	Area in square miles.	Names of forest panchayats now in existence in Kurnool district.	The area of reserve forests under the control of each panchayat.	The grazing fee levied by each panchayat.	The nature of the panchayat area, namely, whether it is mere grazing area, whether it contains underwood or tree-growth fit for timber.
	The area of the range before transfer of reserves to panchayats.	The present area of the range.						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)

Kurnool South Forest division.

	SQ. MLS.	SQ. MLS.				ACS.		
Sirvel	196.76	194.98	Yadavada Reserve Forest.	1.78	Yadavada	1,142	8 annas per cow, 12 annas per buffalo and 2 annas per sheep.	There is underwood on about half the area. The other half is devoid of tree-growth. It is a mere grazing ground.
Giddalore	205.59	188.85	Giddalore Block I and Giddalore Block II.	16.74	Reddicherla	10,716	8 annas per cow, 12 annas per buffalo and 4 annas per sheep.	Contains underwood.

Kurnool East Forest division.

Yerragondapalem.	239.59	186.45	Yerragondapalem ..	14.15	Yerragondapalem ..	9,054	6 annas per cow, 9 annas per buffalo and 3 annas per sheep.	Contains underwood.
....	Ganapavaram ..	18.72	Ganapavaram ..	11,981	8 annas per cow, 12 annas per buffalo and 4 annas per sheep.	Do.

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....	E. N. Block X ..	8.51	Millampalli	5,446	4 annas per cow, 6 annas per buffalo and 2 annas per sheep.	Do.
....	..	..	E. N. Block XI ..	6.96	Yendrapalli	4,454	Do.	Do.
....	..	..	E. N. Block XII (part).	4.80	Rachakonda	3,072	Do.	Do.
			Total ..	53.14				
Markapur ..	143.12	130.12	E. N. Block V ..	13.00	Pedda Aravid	8,320	Do.	Contains underwood and rocks.
Dornal	169.87	155.57	E. N. Block VI-A-1 and VI-B.	6.13	Eguvacherlopalli ..	3,923	Do.	Contains underwood and bamboos.
....	..	..	E. N. Block VI-A-2.	2.89	Edavali	1,850	Do.	Do.
....	..	..	E. N. Block VII ..	5.28	Dornal	3,379	Do.	Contains underwood.
			Total ..	14.30				
Ganjivaripalli ..	256.56	253.15	E. N. Block VIII ..	3.41	Kolekula	2,182	Do.	Do.

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